CBCS/B.Sc./Programme/5th Sem./CMSGDSE02T/2022-23



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Programme 5th Semester Examination. 2022-23

CMSGDSE02T-COMPUTER SCIENCE (DSE1)

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

GROUP-A

- 1. Answer any *five* questions from the following:
 - (a) What is tautology?
 - (b) What is Euler Graph?
 - (c) What is symmetric relation?
 - (d) What is minimal spanning tree?
 - (e) What are the basic differences between Big-Oh (O) and Big-Omega (Ω)?
 - (f) Prove that the statement "I pass only if you pass" is equivalent to "If you fail then I fail".

GROUP-B		
	Answer any five questions	$8 \times 5 = 40$
2. (a)	What is the difference between the walk and path of a graph? Use diagram to explain.	4+4
(b)	A tree with n vertices has $(n-1)$ edges.	
	Out of 7 consonants and 4 vowels, how many words can be made each containing 3 consonants and 2 vowels?	4+4
(b)	Show that the relation $(x, y)\rho(a, b) \Leftrightarrow x^2 + y^2 = a^2 + b^2$ is an equivalence relation.	
4. (a)	Use mathematical induction to prove: $2 + 4 + 6 + + 2n = n(n+1)$.	5+3
	State and prove De Morgan's Law.	
	Give an example of a relation that is transitive but not reflexive and symmetrie.	3+5
(b)	Check whether $(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow [(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow q]$ is a tautology or not. Justify your answer.	
6 (a)	Every connected graph has at least one spanning tree.	4+4
	Show, using Pigeonhole principle that at least 2 people out of 13 must have their birthday in the same month when they are assembled in a room.	
7.	Define Edge-connectivity and vertex-connectivity of a graph. Give examples. Prove that a connected graph with n vertices and $(n-1)$ edges is a tree.	3+5
8.	Show that the number of vertices of odd degree in a graph is always even.	8



Full Marks: 50

 $2 \times 5 = 10$