

WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.Sc. Programme 6th Semester Examination, 2021



ELSGDSE06T-ELECTRONICS (DSE2)

ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.

All symbols are of usual significance.

GROUP-A

Answer any five questions from the following

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 1. Define (a) accuracy and (b) precision.
- 2. The nominal value of a resistance is 4.7 k Ω , while measurements yield a value of 4.63 k Ω , calculate (a) relative accuracy of the measurement and (b) percentage accuracy.
- 3. What is loading effect for a measuring instrument?
- 4. What are differences between active and passive transducers?
- 5. What two conditions must be satisfied to balance an ac bridge?
- 6. Why we use negative high voltage supply in CRO?
- 7. Why delay line is used in vertical deflection system of a CRO?
- 8. What is a RTD and where it is used?

GROUP-B

Answer any six questions from the following

 $5 \times 6 = 30$

9. Draw the block diagram of a general purpose CRO and explain the function of each section.

2+3

CBCS/	B.Sc./Programme/6th Sem./ELSGDSE06T/2021	
10.	With the help of labelled block diagram explain the working of dual slope type integrating type DVM.	2+3
11.	Draw the block diagram of function generator and explain the method of producing sine waves.	2+3
12.	Draw the basic circuit of a DC ammeter and derive the expression for shunt resistance.	2+3
13.(a)	What is an ohmmeter?	
` ,	Differentiate between a series type ohmmeter and shunt type ohmmeter.	4
14	With schematic drawing, explain the operation of LVDT.	4
15.	The arms of a four-arm bridge a, b, c and d supplied with sinusoidal voltage have the following values: arm ab: A resistance of 800 W in parallel with a capacitance of 2 mF. arm bc: 400 W resistance	2+3
	arm cd: 1 kW resistance	
	arm da: A resistance R ₂ in series with 2 mF capacitance.	
	Draw the circuit and determine the value of R ₂ and frequency at which the bridge will balance.	
16.	Describe the operation of a pressure transducer employing the principle of an inductive transducer. State the applications of photovoltaic cells.	4+1
17.(a)	State three types of systematic errors.	1
(b)	What type of movement is used for an ammeter?	1
(c)	What are the effects of using a voltmeter of low resistivity?	3
18.	Draw the circuit diagram of De Sauty's bridge and describe how an unknown capacitance can be measured with the help of this bridge. State the limitations of	1+3+1

N.B.: Students have to complete submission of their Answer Scripts through E-mail / Whatsapp to their own respective colleges on the same day / date of examination within 1 hour after end of exam. University / College authorities will not be held responsible for wrong submission (at in proper address). Students are strongly advised not to submit multiple copies of the same answer script.

___x__

this bridge.