CBCS/B.A./B.Sc./Hons./3rd Sem./GEOACOR07T/Regular & Truncated/2022-23





WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY

B.A./B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2022-23

GEOACOR07T-GEOGRAPHY (CC7)

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

3117

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable. All symbols are of usual significance.

FOR REGULAR SYLLABUS

	GROUP-A	
	Answer any one question from the following	$10 \times 1 = 10$
1.	What is correlation coefficient? Determine the rank correlation coefficient between X and Y .	2+8
	X: 250 310 250 280 390 250 420 280	
	Y: 65 95 80 95 100 55 85 75	
2.	Compare the relative advantages and disadvantages of arithmetic means geometric mean and harmonic mean. In which type of situation it is better to use median or mode rather than mean? Why?	7+3
	GROUP-B	
	Answer any four questions from the following	$5 \times 4 = 20$
3.	In what respect secondary data is different from primary data? Describe the various sources of secondary data.	1+4
4.	Mention the importance of statistical table formation.	
5.	Differentiate between simple random sampling and systematic sampling.	
6.	Find the fitting line equation through the least square method of the following table using X as the independent variable. Also find the value of Y when $X = 16$	4+1
	X 5 10 15 20 25 30	
	y 15 17 22 24 30 34	

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7. From the following data determine in which firm A or B, there is greater variability in individual wages.

Firm A Firm B
Average daily wage Rs. 52.50 Rs. 47.50
Variance of distribution of wages 100 121

8. Using a suitable formula calculate median value from the following data:

Mid Value 135 145 155 165 175 185 Frequency 48 72 116 60 38 22

9. What is cumulative frequency? Mention uses of cumulative frequency.

GROUP-C

Answer any five questions from the following

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 10. What is semi quartile range?
- 11. Define 'population' in statistics.
- 12. Why do we analyse time series data?
- 13. Differentiate between interval and ratio data with examples.
- 14. What is relative frequency?
- 15. Define sampling frame.
- 16. The weight (in kilogram) of a group of boxes are 9, 10, 11, 14. What is the mean deviation?
- 17. Why do we use relative measures of dispersion instead of absolute measures?
- 18. What are the components of a statistical table?

FOR TRUNCATED SYLLABUS

GROUP-A

Answer any one question from the following 10×1 = 10 Discuss the sources of geographic data for statistical analysis. Explain the significance of quantitative analysis in geography. 4+6 What are the advantages of rank correlation? Explain the uses of regression analysis in geographical study with suitable examples.

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GROUP-B

Answer any four questions from the following $5 \times 4 = 20$ Distinguish between absolute and relative measures of dispersion. 3. 3+2 4. What is stratified sampling? In which situation is it considered suitable? Distinguish between primary and secondary data with suitable examples. 5. 6. Differentiate between measures of central tendency and measures of dispersion. 7. Highlight the differences between nominal and ordinal forms of data with suitable examples. 8. Using a suitable formula calculate median value from the following data: 185 Mid value 135 145 155 165 175 Frequency 48 72 116 60 38 22 **GROUP-C** $2 \times 5 = 10$ Answer any five questions from the following 9. What is a variable? 10. Mention two uses of cumulative frequency. Differentiate between class boundary and class limit. 11. 12. What are the disadvantages of random sampling? What is quartile deviation? 13. Mention the demerits of median. 14. Define 'population' in statistics. 15. What is time series data? 16. What are the components of a statistical table? 17. What do you understand by bimodal distribution? Give examples. 18.